



POWER SUPPLY

- 100-240V Wide-range Input
- NEC CLASS 2 Compliant
- Cost Optimized without Compromising Quality or Reliability
- Width only 36mm
- Efficiency up to 91.8%
- Low No-load Power Losses
- Full Power Between -10°C and +60°C
- Large Screw Terminals
- 3 Year Warranty

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The PIM60.245 is a DIN-rail mountable single-phase-input power supply, which provides a floating, stabilized and galvanically separated SELV/PELV/ES1 output voltage.

The output fulfils the requirements for a limited power source according to NEC CLASS 2.

The device is equipped with screw terminals, which are optimized for large wire sizes.

The mechanically robust housing is made of a high-grade, reinforced molded material, which permits surrounding temperatures up to +70°C.

The PIANO family is a compact industrial grade DIN-rail power supply series that focus on the essential features needed in today's industrial applications. The excellent cost/performance ratio does not compromise quality or reliability.

SHORT-FORM DATA

Output voltage	DC 24V	Nominal
Adjustment range	24 – 28V	Factory setting 24.1V
Output current	2.5 – 2.1A	Below +60°C ambient
	1.9 – 1.6A	At +70°C ambient
	Derate linearly be	tween +60°C and +70°C
Input voltage AC	AC 100-240V	±10%
Mains frequency	50-60Hz	±6%
Input current AC	1.0 / 0.6A	At 120 / 230Vac
Power factor	0.55 / 0.47	At 120 / 230Vac
Input inrush current	15 / 36A peak	At 120 / 230Vac, 40°C,
		cold start
Efficiency	90.7 / 91.8%	At 120 / 230Vac
Losses	6.2 / 5.4W	At 120 / 230Vac
Hold-up time	24 / 113ms	At 120 / 230Vac
Temperature range	-10°C to +70°C	
Size (W x H x D)	36x90x91mm	Without DIN-Rail
Weight	220g / 0.49lb	

ORDER NUMBERS

Order number:

Power Supply PIM60.245

MAIN APPROVALS

For details and a complete approval list see chapter 18.

IECE CB SCHEME IEC 62368-1 IIEC 61010-2-201 planned





NEC CLASS 2 planned



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No part of this document may be reproduced or utilized in any form without our prior permission in writing. Packaging and packaging aids can and should always be recycled. The product itself may not be disposed of as domestic refuse.

TERMINOLOGY AND ABREVIATIONS

PE and 😉 symbol	PE is the abbreviation for Protective Earth and has the same meaning as the symbol $igoplus$.
Earth, Ground	This document uses the term "earth" which is the same as the U.S. term "ground".
T.b.d.	To be defined, value or description will follow later.
AC 230V	A figure displayed with the AC or DC before the value represents a nominal voltage with standard tolerances (usually $\pm 15\%$) included. E.g.: DC 12V describes a 12V battery disregarding whether it is full (13.7V) or flat (10V)
230Vac	A figure with the unit (Vac) at the end is a momentary figure without any additional tolerances included.
50Hz vs. 60Hz	As long as not otherwise stated, AC 100V and AC 230V parameters are valid at 50Hz mains frequency. AC 120V parameters are valid for 60Hz mains frequency.
may	A key word indicating flexibility of choice with no implied preference.
shall	A key word indicating a mandatory requirement.
should	A key word indicating flexibility of choice with a strongly preferred implementation.





24V, 2.5A, 60W, SINGLE PHASE INPUT

1. Intended Use

This device is designed for installation in an enclosure and is intended for commercial use, such as in industrial control, process control, monitoring, measurement, Audio/Video, information or communication equipment or the like.

Do not use this device in equipment, where malfunctioning may cause severe personal injury or threaten human life without additional appropriate safety devices, that are suited for the end-application.

If this device is used in a manner outside of its specification, the protection provided by the device may be impaired. Do not use this device on AC 100V mains with more than 1.9A load when the application is sensitive to short output voltage dips during mains interruptions even with a length shorter than 20ms.

Without additional measures to reduce the conducted emissions on the output (e.g. by using a filter), the device is not suited to supply a local DC power network in residential, commercial and light-industrial environments. No restrictions apply for local DC power networks in industrial environments.



2. Installation Instructions

WARNING Risk of electrical shock, fire, personal injury or death.

- Turn power off before working on the device. Protect against inadvertent re-powering.
- Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes.
- Do not modify or repair the unit.
- Do not open the unit as high voltages are present inside.
- Use caution to prevent any foreign objects from entering the housing.
- Do not use in wet locations or in areas where moisture or condensation can be expected.
- Do not touch during power-on, and immediately after power-off. Hot surfaces may cause burns.

Obey the following installation instructions:

This device may only be installed and put into operation by qualified personnel.

This device does not contain serviceable parts. The tripping of an internal fuse is caused by an internal defect.

If damage or malfunction should occur during installation or operation, immediately turn power off and send unit to the factory for inspection.

Install device in an enclosure providing protection against electrical, mechanical and fire hazards.

Install the device onto a DIN-rail according to EN 60715 with the input terminals on the bottom of the device. Make sure that the wiring is correct by following all local and national codes. Use appropriate copper cables that are designed for a minimum operating temperature of 60°C for ambient temperatures up to +45°C, 75°C for ambient temperatures up to +60°C and 90°C for ambient temperatures up to +70°C. Ensure that all strands of a stranded wire enter the terminal connection. Unused screw terminals should be securely tightened.

The device is designed for pollution degree 2 areas in controlled environments. No condensation or frost is allowed. The enclosure of the device provides a degree of protection of IP20. The enclosure does not provide protection against spilled liquids.

The isolation of the device is designed to withstand impulse voltages of overvoltage category III according to IEC 60664-1.

The device is designed as "Class of Protection" I equipment according to IEC 61140. Do not use without a proper PE (Protective Earth) connection.

The device is suitable to be supplied from TN, TT or IT mains networks. The continuous voltage between the input terminal and the PE potential must not exceed 300Vac.

A disconnecting means shall be provided for the input of the device.

The device is designed for convection cooling and does not require an external fan. Do not obstruct airflow and do not cover ventilation grid!

The device is designed for altitudes up to 5000m (16400ft). Above 2000m (6560ft) the overvoltage category is reduced to level II and a reduction in output current is required.

Keep the following minimum installation clearances: 40mm on top, 20mm on the bottom, 0mm left and right side. Increase the 0mm to 15mm in case the adjacent device is a heat source.

The device is designed, tested and approved for branch circuits up to 20A without additional protection device. If an external fuse is utilized, do not use circuit breakers smaller than 6A B- or 4A C-Characteristic to avoid a nuisance tripping of the circuit breaker.

The maximum surrounding air temperature is +70°C (+158°F). The operational temperature is the same as the ambient or surrounding air temperature and is defined 2cm below the device.

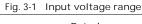
The device is designed to operate in areas between 5% and 95% relative humidity.

3. AC-INPUT

The device is suitable to be supplied from TN, TT or IT mains networks.

AC input	Nom.	AC 100-240V			
AC input range	Min.	90-264Vac	Continuous operation		
Ac input range	Min.	264-300Vac	For maximum 500ms		
Allowed voltage L or N to earth	Max.	300Vac	Continuous according to IEC 60664-1		
Input frequency	Nom.	50-60Hz	±6%		
Turn-on voltage	Тур.	75Vac	Steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1		
Shut-down voltage	Тур.	54Vac Steady-state value, see Fig. 3-1			
External input protection	See recommendations in chapter "Installation Instructions".				

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Input current	Тур.	1.15A	1.0A	0.60A	At 24V, 2.5A, see Fig. 3-3
Power factor	Тур.	0.58	0.55	0.47	At 24V, 2.5A, see Fig. 3-4
Start-up delay	Тур.	50ms	50ms	48ms	See Fig. 3-2
Rise time	Тур.	18ms	18ms	18ms	At 24V, 2.5A constant current load, 0mF load capacitance, see Fig. 3-2
	Тур.	52ms	52ms	50ms	At 24V, 2.5A constant current load, 2mF load capacitance,, see Fig. 3-2
Turn-on overshoot	Max.	100mV	100mV	100mV	See Fig. 3-2



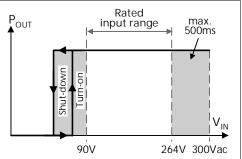


Fig. 3-3 Input current vs. output load at 24V output voltage

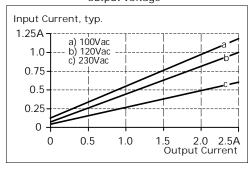


Fig. 3-2 Turn-on behavior, definitions

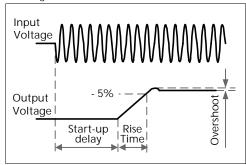
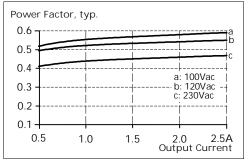


Fig. 3-4 Power factor vs. output load at 24V output voltage



4. DC-INPUT

Do not operate this power supply with DC-input voltage.

5. INPUT INRUSH CURRENT

A NTC limits the input inrush current after turn-on of the input voltage. The inrush current is input voltage and ambient temperature dependent. The output load has no impact on the inrush current value.

The charging current into EMI suppression capacitors is disregarded in the first microseconds after switch-on.

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Inrush current	Тур.	12A _{peak}	15A _{peak}	36A _{peak}	At 40°C ambient, cold start
	Тур.	10A _{peak}	12A _{peak}	30A _{peak}	At 25°C ambient, cold start
	Max.	15A _{peak}	18A _{peak}	$44A_{peak}$	At 40°C ambient, cold start
	Max.	12A _{peak}	15A _{peak}	$36A_{peak}$	At 25°C ambient, cold start
Inrush energy	Max.	$0.2A^2s$	$0.3A^{2}s$	$1.4A^2s$	At 40°C ambient, cold start

Fig. 5-1 Typical turn-on behavior at 120Vac and 25°C ambient

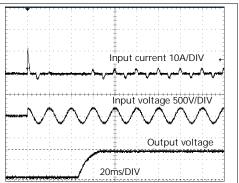


Fig. 5-3 Typical turn-on behavior at 230Vac and 25°C ambient

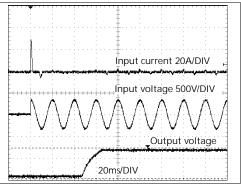


Fig. 5-2 Zoom into the first inrush peak

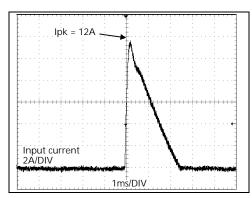
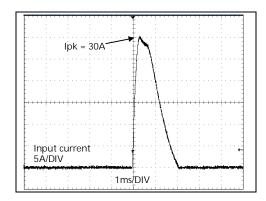


Fig. 5-4 Zoom into the first inrush peak





6. OUTPUT

The output provides a SELV/PELV/ES1 rated voltage, which is galvanically isolated from the input voltage.

The output is electronically protected against no-load, overload and short circuit. In case of a protection event, audible noise may occur.

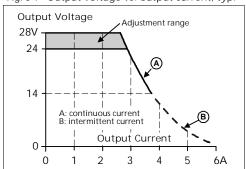
The output is designed to supply any kind of loads, including inductive and capacitive loads. Capacitive loads should not be larger than 2500µF with 2.5A or 5000µF with 1.25A additional current load.

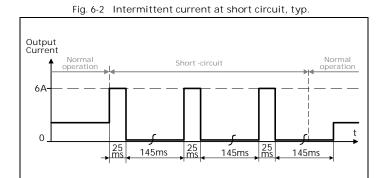
At heavy overloads (when output voltage falls below 14V), the power supply delivers continuous output current for 25ms. After this, the output is switched off for approx. 145ms before a new start attempt is automatically performed. This cycle is repeated as long as the overload exists. If the overload has been cleared, the device will operate normally.

Output voltage	Nom.	DC 24V	
Adjustment range	Min.	24-28V	Guaranteed value
	Max.	29.0V	This is the maximum output voltage which can occur at the clockwise end position of the potentiometer due to tolerances. It is not a guaranteed value which can be achieved.
Factory settings	Тур.	24.1V	±0.2%, at full load and cold unit
Line regulation	Max.	10mV	Between 90 and 300Vac
Load regulation	Max.	100mV	Between 0 and 2.5A, static value, see Fig. 6-1
Ripple and noise voltage	Max.	100mVpp	Bandwidth 20Hz to 20MHz, 50Ohm
Output current	Nom.	2.5A	At 24V and an ambient temperature below 60°C
	Nom.	2.1A	At 24V and 70°C ambient temperature
	Nom.	1.9A	At 28V and an ambient temperature below 60°C
	Nom.	1.6A	At 28V and 70°C ambient temperature
Overload behaviour		Continuous current	Output voltage above 14Vdc, see Fig. 6-1.
		Intermittent current	Output voltage below 14Vdc, see Fig. 6-1.
Overload/ short-circuit current	Max.	4.0A	Continuous current, see Fig. 6-1.
	Тур.	6A	Intermitted current peak value for typ. 25ms Load impedance 150mOhm, see Fig. 6-2.
	Max.	2.5A	Discharge current of output capacitors is not included. Intermitted current average value (R.M.S.) Load impedance 150mOhm, see Fig. 6-2.
Output capacitance	Тур.	900µF	Included inside the power supply
Back-feeding loads	Max.	35V	The unit is resistant and does not show malfunctioning when a load feeds back voltage to the power supply. It does not matter whether the power supply is on or off. The absorbing energy can be calculated according to the built-in large sized output capacitor.



Fig. 6-1 Output voltage vs. output current, typ.





7. HOLD-UP TIME

The hold-up time is the time during which a power supply's output voltage remains within specification following the loss of input power. The hold-up time is output load dependent. At no load, the hold-up time can be up to several seconds. The green DC OK lamp is also on during this time.

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Hold-up Time	Тур.	14ms	24ms	113ms	At 24V, 2.5A
	Тур.	38ms	58ms	230ms	At 24V, 1.25A
	Min.	11ms	19ms	90ms	At 24V, 2.5A
	Min.	30ms	46ms	184ms	At 24V, 1.25A

Fig. 7-1 Hold-up time vs. input voltage

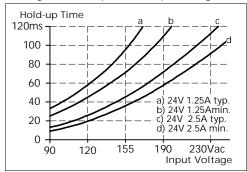
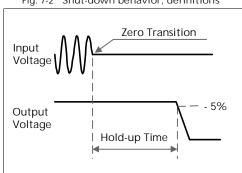


Fig. 7-2 Shut-down behavior, definitions



8. Efficiency and Power Losses

		AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Efficiency	typ.	89.4%	90.7%	91.8%	At 24V, 2.5A (full load)
Average efficiency	typ.	89.3%	90.1%	90.7%	25% at 0.68A, 25% at 1.25A, 25% at 1.88A. 25% at 2.5A
Power losses	typ.	0.3W	0.3W	0.4W	At no load
	typ.	3.8W	3.5W	3.4W	At 24V, 1.25A (half load)
	typ.	7.1W	6.2W	5.4W	At 24V, 2.5A (full load)

The average efficiency is an assumption for a typical application where the power supply is loaded with 25% of the nominal load for 25% of the time, 50% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time, 75% of the nominal load for another 25% of the time and with 100% of the nominal load for the rest of the time.

Fig. 8-1 Efficiency vs. output current at 24V, typ.

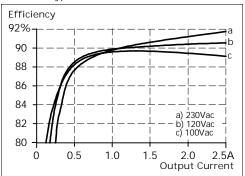


Fig. 8-3 Efficiency vs. input voltage at 24V, 2.5A, typ.

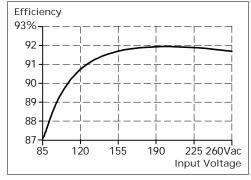


Fig. 8-2 Losses vs. output current at 24V, typ.

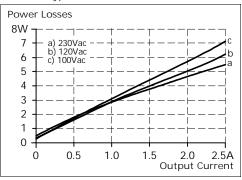
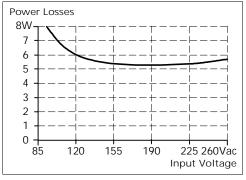
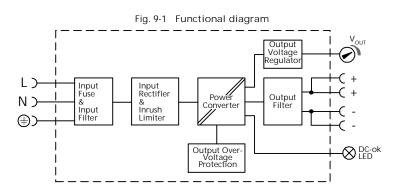


Fig. 8-4 Losses vs. input voltage at 24V, 2.5A, typ.



9. FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



10. FRONT SIDE AND USER ELEMENTS

Fig. 10-1 Front side



Output Terminals
Dual terminals for the pogative and posi-

Dual terminals for the negative and positive pole. Both poles are internally connected.

- + Positive output
- Negative (return) output
- **B** Input Terminals
 - L Phase (Line) input
 - N Neutral conductor input
 - ⊕ PE (Protective Earth) input
- C DC OK LED (green)

The LED is on, when the output voltage is above 18V.

D Output Voltage Adjustment Potentiometer



11. CONNECTION TERMINALS

The terminals are IP20 finger safe constructed and are suitable for field- and factory wiring.

	All Terminals
Type	Screw terminals
Solid wire	Max. 6mm ²
Stranded wire	Max. 4mm ²
American Wire Gauge	AWG 20-10
Max. wire diameter (including ferrules)	2.8mm
Wire stripping length	7mm / 0.28inch
Recommended tightening torque	1Nm, 9lb.in
Screwdriver	3mm slotted or Phillips No 1



12. LIFETIME EXPECTANCY

The Lifetime expectancy shown in the table indicates the minimum operating hours (service life) and is determined by the lifetime expectancy of the built-in electrolytic capacitors. Lifetime expectancy is specified in operational hours and is calculated according to the capacitor's manufacturer specification.

Please note: The manufacturer of the electrolytic capacitors only guarantees a maximum life of up to 15 years (131 400h). Any number exceeding this value is a calculated theoretical lifetime which can be used to compare devices.

	AC 100V	AC 120V	AC 230V	
Lifetime expectancy	115 000h	131 000h	148 000h	At 24V, 2.5A and 40°C
	260 000h	263 000h	263 000h	At 24V, 1.25A and 40°C
	324 000h	370 000h	419 000h	At 24V, 2.5A and 25°C
	734 000h	744 000h	744 000h	At 24V, 1.25A and 25°C

13. MTBF

MTBF stands for Mean Time Between Failure, which is calculated according to statistical device failures, and indicates reliability of a device. It is the statistical representation of the likelihood of a unit to fail and does not necessarily represent the life of a product.

The MTBF figure is a statistical representation of the likelihood of a device to fail. A MTBF figure of e.g. 1 000 000h means that statistically one unit will fail every 100 hours if 10 000 units are installed in the field. However, it can not be determined if the failed unit has been running for 50 000h or only for 100h.

For these types of units the MTTF (Mean Time To Failure) value is the same value as the MTBF value.

MTBF SN 29500, IEC 61709 1 797 00 3 093 00)h 1 982 000h	At 24V, 2.5A and 40°C
3 093 00	00h 2 106 000		
	011 3 160 000	0h 3 378 000h	At 24V, 2.5A and 25°C
MTBF MIL HDBK 217F 868 00	00h 886 000	0h 803 000h	At 24V, 2.5A, 40°C; Ground Benign GB40
1 257 00	00h 1 278 000)h 1 175 000h	At 24V, 2.5A, 25°C; Ground Benign GB25
247 00	00h 252 000	0h 247 000h	At 24V, 2.5A, 40°C; Ground Fixed GF40
325 00	00h 331 000	0h 328 000h	At 24V, 2.5A, 25°C; Ground Fixed GF25



14. EMC

The EMC behavior of the device is designed for applications in industrial environment as well as in residential, commercial and light industry environments.

The device complies with EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-2, EN 61000-6-3, EN 61000-6-4, EN 61000-3-2 and EN 61000-3-3.

The device complies with FCC Part 15 rules. Operation is subjected to following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Do not use this device on AC 100V mains with more than 1.9A load when the application is sensitive to short output voltage dips during mains interruptions even with a length shorter than 20ms.

Without additional measures to reduce the conducted emissions on the output (e.g. by using a filter), the device is not suited to supply a local DC power network in residential, commercial and light-industrial environments. No restrictions apply for local DC power networks in industrial environments.

EMC Immunity

Electrostatic discharge	EN 61000-4-2	Contact discharge	8kV	Criterion A
		Air discharge	8kV	Criterion A
Electromagnetic RF field	EN 61000-4-3	80MHz-6GHz	10V/m	Criterion A
Fast transients (Burst)	EN 61000-4-4	Input lines	4kV	Criterion A
		Output lines	2kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on input	EN 61000-4-5	L → N	2kV	Criterion A
		$N/L \rightarrow PE$	4kV	Criterion A
Surge voltage on output	EN 61000-4-5	+ -> -	1kV	Criterion A
		+ → PE	1kV	Criterion A
		- → PE	1kV	Criterion A
Conducted disturbance	EN 61000-4-6	0.15-80MHz	10V	Criterion A
Mains voltage dips	EN 61000-4-11	0% of 100Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion A/C
		40% of 100Vac	40Vac, 200ms	Criterion C
		70% of 100Vac	70Vac, 500ms	Criterion A
		0% of 120Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion A
		40% of 120Vac	48Vac, 200ms	Criterion C
		70% of 120Vac	84Vac, 500ms	Criterion A
		0% of 200Vac	0Vac, 20ms	Criterion A
		40% of 200Vac	80Vac, 200ms	Criterion A
		70% of 200Vac	140Vac, 500ms	Criterion A
Voltage interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	0V	5000ms	Criterion C
Powerful transients	VDE 0160	Over entire load range	750V, 1.3ms	Criterion A

Criterions

- A: The device shows normal operation behavior within the defined limits.
- B: The device operates continuously during and after the test. During the test minor temporary impairments may occur, which will be corrected by the device itself.
- C: Temporary loss of function is possible. The device may shut-down and restarts by itself. No damage or hazards for the device will occur. A/C: Criterion A for output current below 1.9A and criterion C for output currents above 1.9A.

FMC Emission

LIVIC LITII331011		
Conducted emission input lines	EN 55011, EN 55022, FCC Part 15, CISPR 11, CISPR 22	Class B
Conducted emission output lines	IEC/CISPR 16-1-2, IEC/CISPR 16-2-1	Limits for local DC power networks not fulfilled.
Radiated emission	EN 55011, EN 55022, CISPR 11, CISPR 22	Class B
Harmonic input current	EN 61000-3-2	Fulfilled (Class A)
Voltage fluctuations, flicker	EN 61000-3-3	Fulfilled, tested with non pulsing constant current loads.



Switching Frequencies			
Main converter	40kHz to 140kHz	Input voltage and output load dependent	

15. ENVIRONMENT

Operational temperature	-10°C to +70°C (14°F to 158°F)	The operational temperature is the ambient or surrounding temperature and is defined as the air temperature 2cm below the device.	
Storage temperature	-40°C to +85°C (-40°F to 185°F)	For storage and transportation	
Output de-rating	0.06A/°C 0.15A/1000m or 5°C/1000m	Between +60°C and +70°C (140°F to 158°F) For altitudes above 2000m (6560ft), see Fig. 15-2	
		ntrolled. The user has to take this into consideration to imits in order not to overload the unit.	
Humidity	5 to 95% r.H.	According to IEC 60068-2-30 No condensation allowed.	
Atmospheric pressure	110-54kPa	See Fig. 15-2 for details	
Altitude	Up to 5000m (16 400ft)	See Fig. 15-2 for details	
Over-voltage category	II	According to IEC 60664-1, for altitudes up to 5000m	
Impulse withstand voltage	4kV (according to over-voltage category III)	Input to PE According to IEC 60664-1, for altitudes up to 2000m	
Degree of pollution	2	According to IEC 60664-1, non conductive	
Vibration sinusoidal	2-17.8Hz: ±1.6mm 17.8-500Hz: 2g	According to IEC 60068-2-6	
Shock	2 hours / axis 30g 6ms, 20g 11ms 3 bumps / direction, 18 bumps in total	According to IEC 60068-2-27	
	Shock and vibration is tested in combination with DIN-Rails according to EN 60715 with a height of 15mm and a thickness of 1.3mm.		
LABS compatibility	As a rule, only non-silicon precipitating materials are used. The unit conforms to the LABS criteria and is suitable for use in paint shops.		
Corrosive gases	Compliant to ISA-71.04-1985, Severity Level G3 and IEC 60068-2-60 Test Ke Method 4 for a service life of minimum 10 years in these environments.		

Fig. 15-1 Output power vs. ambient temp.

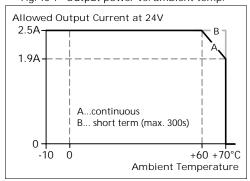
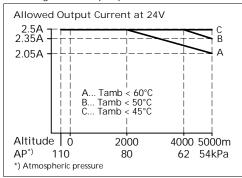


Fig. 15-2 Output power vs. altitude





16. SAFETY AND PROTECTION FEATURES

Isolation resistance	Min.	500MOhm	At delivered condition between input and output, measured with 500Vdc
	Min.	500MOhm	At delivered condition between input and PE, measured with 500Vdc
	Min.	500MOhm	At delivered condition between output and PE, measured with 500Vdc
Output over-voltage protection	Тур.	30.5Vdc	
	Max.	32Vdc	
			ect, a redundant circuit limits the maximum output ut shuts down. To attempt a restart, turn the input is.
Class of protection		1	According to IEC 61140
Degree of ingress protection		IP20	According to EN/IEC 60529
Over-temperature protection		Not included	
Input transient protection		MOV (Metal Oxide Varistor)	For protection values see chapter "EMC".
Internal input fuse		Included	Not user replaceable slow-blow high-braking capacity fuse
Touch current (leakage current)	Тур.	30μΑ / 60μΑ	At 100Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	Тур.	40μΑ / 90μΑ	At 120Vac, 60Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	Тур.	70μΑ / 140μΑ	At 230Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	Max.	40μΑ / 70μΑ	At 110Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	Max.	50μΑ / 110μΑ	At 132Vac, 60Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains
	Max.	100μΑ / 180μΑ	At 264Vac, 50Hz, TN-,TT-mains / IT-mains



17. DIELECTRIC STRENGTH

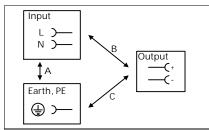
The output voltage is floating and has no ohmic connection to the ground.

The output is insulated to the input by a double or reinforced insulation.

Type and routine tests are conducted by the manufacturer. Field tests may be conducted in the field using the appropriate test equipment which applies the voltage with a slow ramp (2s up and 2s down). Connect all phase-terminals together as well as all output poles before conducting the test. When testing, set the cut-off current settings to the value in the table below.

It is recommended that either the + pole or the – pole shall be connected to the protective earth system. This helps to avoid situations in which a load starts unexpectedly or can not be switched off when unnoticed earth faults occur.

Fig. 17-1 Dielectric strength



		Α	В	С
Type test	60s	2500Vac	3000Vac	1000Vac
Routine test	5s	2500Vac	2500Vac	500Vac
Field test	5s	2000Vac	2000Vac	500Vac
Cut-off current setting for field test		> 2mA	> 2mA	> 6mA



18. Approvals and Fulfilled Standards

IEC 61010 (planned)	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme Certificate IEC 61010-2-201 Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Particular requirements for control equipment
IEC 62368 (planned)	IECEE CB SCHEME	CB Scheme Certificate IEC 62368-1 Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment - Safety requirements Output safety level: ES1
UL 61010-2-201 (former UL 508) (planned)	C US LISTED Ind. Cont. Eq.	UL Certificate Listed equipment for category NMTR - UL 61010-2-201 Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use - Particular requirements for control equipment Applicable for US and Canada E-File: E198865
NEC CLASS 2 (planned)	NEC CLASS 2	UL Certificate NEC CLASS 2 - Limited Power Source Listed in the UL 61010-2-201 approval report, investigated according to UL 1310

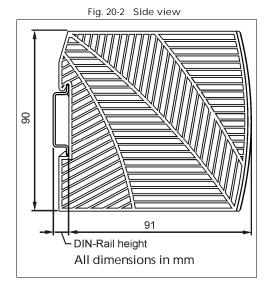
19. REGULATORY COMPLIANCE

CE	< €	EU Declaration of Conformity Trade conformity assessment for Europe The CE mark indicates conformance with the European - RoHS directive, - EMC directive and the - Low-voltage directive (LVD)
REACH Directive	REACH ✓	Manufacturer's Statement EU-Regulation regarding the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals
WEEE Directive		Manufacturer's Statement EU-Directive on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment
RoHS (China RoHS 2)	25	Manufacturer's Statement Administrative Measures for the Restriction of the Use of Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Products 25 years
EAC	EAC	EAC Certificate EAC EurAsian Conformity - Registration Russia, Kazakhstan and Belarus



20. PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS AND WEIGHT

Width	36mm 1.42''
Height	90mm 3.54"
Depth	91mm 3.58"
	The DIN-rail height must be added to the unit depth to calculate the total required
	installation depth.
Weight	220g / 0.49lb
DIN-Rail	Use 35mm DIN-rails according to EN 60715 or EN 50022 with a height of 7.5 or 15mm.
Housing material	High-grade polycarbonate/ ABS blend material
Installation clearances	See chapter "Installation Instructions"
Penetration protection	Small parts like screws, nuts, etc. with a diameter larger than 4.2mm.



21. APPLICATION NOTES

21.1. CHARGING OF BATTERIES

Do not use the power supply to charge batteries.

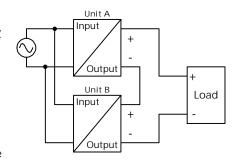
21.2. Series Operation

Devices of the same type can be connected in series for higher output voltages. It is possible to connect as many units in series as needed, providing the sum of the output voltage does not exceed 150Vdc. Voltages with a potential above 60Vdc must be installed with a protection against touching.

Avoid return voltage (e.g. from a decelerating motor or battery) which is applied to the output terminals.

Keep an installation clearance of 15mm (left / right) between two power supplies and avoid installing the power supplies on top of each other.

Pay attention that leakage current, EMI, inrush current, harmonics will increase when using multiple devices.



21.3. Parallel Use to Increase Output Power

Do not parallel devices for higher output currents.

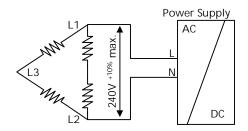
21.4. Parallel Use for 1+1 Redundancy

If a 1+1 Redundancy is required, please use the PIM60.246, which has a monitoring (DC OK) function included.

21.5. OPERATION ON TWO PHASES

The power supply can also be used on two-phases of a three-phase-system. Such a phase-to-phase connection is allowed as long as the supplying voltage is below $240V^{+10\%}$.

Ensure that the wire, which is connected to the N-terminal, is appropriately fused.





21.6. Use in a Tightly Sealed Enclosure

When the device is installed in a tightly sealed enclosure, the temperature inside the enclosure will be higher than outside. In such situations, the inside temperature defines the ambient temperature for the device.

In the following test setup, the device is placed in the middle of the box, no other heat producing items are inside the box. The load is placed outside the box.

The temperature sensor inside the box is placed in the middle of the right side of the power supply with a distance of 1cm.

The following measurement results can be used as a reference to estimate the temperature rise inside the enclosure.

	Case A	Case B
Enclosure size	110x180x165mm	110x180x165mm
	Rittal Typ IP66 Box	Rittal Typ IP66 Box
	PK 9516 100, plastic	PK 9516 100, plastic
Input voltage	230Vac	230Vac
Load	24V, 2.0A (=80%)	24V, 2.5A; (=100%)
Temperature inside the box	28.6°C	30.2°C
Temperature outside the box	21.0°C	21.0°C
Temperature rise	7.6K	9.2K