

Response Time

300 milliseconds nominal

Isolation

Full 3-way isolation: input, output, power, 1200 VRMs min. 600 VACp or 600 VDC common mode protection 75 dB minimum common mode rejection Simultaneous 50 Hz and 60 Hz rejection

Housing and Connectors

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{IP}}$ 40, requires vertical installation on a 35 mm DIN rail inside a panel or enclosure

For use in Pollution Degree 2 Environment

Four 4-terminal removable connectors, 14 AWG max. wire size

How to Order

Models are factory ranged. You must specify the sensor type and the following information. T/C: Thermocouple type, burnout setting

- Custom: Complete T/C data over temperature range
- custom: Complete 1/C data over temper
- Temperature: Range in °F or °C
- Output: Range and type (mV, V, mA) Burnout: Upscale (default), B (downscale), NB (last valid)

Model	Description	Power
APD 4131	Thermocouple input to DC output isolated transmitter	85-265 VAC, 50/60 Hz or 60-300 VDC
APD 4131 D		9-30 VDC or 10-32 VAC

Options and Accessory

Options-add to end of model number NC5 5 point NIST traceable calibration certificate 11 point NIST traceable calibration certificate NC11 U Conformal coating for moisture resistance R Reverse acting output В Downscale burnout NB No burnout, last valid value Accessory-order as separate line item API BP4 Spare removable 4 terminal plug, black Note: Units are set up at the factory, but an appropriate

Note: Units are set up at the factory, but an appropriate simulator and multimeter may be required to adjust calibration in the field.

Absolute Process Instruments

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Instructions

Precautions

WARNING! All wiring must be performed by a qualified electrician or instrumentation engineer. See diagram for terminal designations and wiring examples. Consult factory for assistance.

WARNING! Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before connecting or disconnecting wiring, or removing or installing module.

Précautions

ATTENTION! Tout le câblage doit être effectué par un électricien ou ingénieur en instrumentation qualifié. Voir le diagramme pour désignations des bornes et des exemples de câblage. Consulter l'usine pour assistance.

ATTENTION! Éviter les risques de choc! Fermez le signal d'entrée, le signal de sortie et l'alimentation électrique avant de connecter ou de déconnecter le câblage, ou de retirer ou d'installer le module.

API maintains a constant effort to upgrade and improve its products. Specifications are subject to change without notice. See api-usa.com for latest product information. Consult factory for your specific requirements.



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals includ-ing nickel, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

Electrical Connections

See wiring diagrams at right. Observe polarity. If the output does not function, check wiring and polarity.

* Do not make any connections to unused terminals or use them as wiring junctions for external devices. This may cause permanent damage to the module!

The power supplies are fuse protected and the unit may be returned to API for fuse replacement.

Input

The thermocouple is connected as shown in the wiring diagrams at right. If a custom input was specified, see the model/serial number label for thermocouple type, temperature range and options.

Output

For milliamp ranges, determine if your device provides power to the current loop or if the loop must be powered by the APD module. Typical voltage may be 9-24 VDC at your device's terminals if it provides power to the loop

Models with R reverse acting output have the output range reversed. For example, 4-20 mÅ is 20-4 mA.

Module Power

Check model/serial number label for module operating voltage to make sure it matches available power.

When using DC power, either polarity is acceptable, but for consistency with similar API products, positive (+) can be wired to terminal 13 and negative (-) can be wired to terminal 16.

Calibration

The module is factory calibrated, but the output may be adjusted to account for lead length and load variations.

- 1. Connect a multimeter to the output terminals 2 3, or 3 4 depending on output type. See wiring diagram at right.
- 2. Connect a temperature simulator to the input of the module.
- Connect power to the unit (terminals 13, 14, and 16) and apply 3. power to the module.
- 4. Wait until the yellow Status LED starts blinking once per second. Low End Input Calibration
- 5. Use the simulator to apply the low end of the input signal.
- Push the Set button to store the low end input value.
- 7. The Status LED will turn on to indicate the reading was saved.
- Use the Up and Down buttons to adjust the output to the desired low output reading. For example: 4 mA for a 4-20 mA output or -10 V for a $\pm 10V$ output.
- 9. Press and release the Set button to store the low output. **High End Input Calibration**
- 10. Wait until the Status LED blinks once per second.
- 11. Use the simulator to apply the high end of the input signal.
- 12. Push the Set button to store the high end input value.
- 13. The Status LED will turn on to indicate the reading was saved.
- 14. Use the Up and Down buttons to adjust the output to the desired high output reading (i.e. 20 mA for a 4-20 mA output).
- 15. Press and release the Set button to store the high output. **Output Test Level Adjustment**

16. Wait until the Status LED turns on and stays on.

- 17. Using the Up and Down buttons adjust the test output for the desired level (i.e. 12 mA for a 4-20 mA output).
- 18. Press and release the Set button to store the test output.
- 19. Wait until the Status LED starts blinks once per second.
- 20. To change any value, turn off the power and repeat above steps.

Saving Setup

- 21. Press and release the Set button to store the value and lock it into memory. The Status LED will turn on during the storing process.
- 22. Once the Status LED turns off, setup and configuration is complete. Turn off power to the unit and remove the simulator and multimeter.

Adjusting Output After Installation

It may be necessary to fine-tune the output signal after installation to account for offset, tare, lead length, or operating temperature.

- 1. Press and release the Set button. This will turn on the yellow Status LED
- Use the $\mathbf{U}\mathbf{p}$ and \mathbf{Down} buttons to adjust the output to the desired 2. level. The Status LED will turn off during the adjustment.
- Once the desired output level has been met, press and release 3. the Set button to save the adjustment. The "Status" LED will flash indicating that the change has been made

The unit has an auto Zero/Span detection for knowing which to adjust. If the output signal is greater than 50% of the Span, the unit will adjust the output signal Span.

If the output signal is less than 50% of the Span, the unit will adjust the output signal Zero.

Resetting to Factory Values

To reset the unit calibration and test output back to factory default, press and hold the Set button while the module is being powered up.

Mounting to a DIN Rail

Install module vertically on a 35 mm DIN rail in a protective enclosure away from heat sources. Do not block air flow. Allow 1" (25 mm) above and below housing vents for air circulation.

- 1. Tilt front of module downward and clip the lower mount with spring clips to the bottom edge of DIN rail.
- 2. Push front of module upward until upper mount snaps into place.

Removal

Avoid shock hazards! Turn signal input, output, and power off before removing module.

- 1. Push up on bottom back of module.
- 2. Tilt the front of module downward to release upper mount from top edge of DIN rail.
- 3. The module can now be removed from the DIN rail

Output Test Function

When the Test button is pressed it will drive the output with a known good signal that can be used as a diagnostic aid during initial start-up or troubleshooting. When pressed again, the output will return to normal. The button allows hands-free operation of the Test Mode.

The Test level can be adjusted by using the Up and Down buttons. The level can be set by pressing the Set button, or it can default

back to the setup value by not pressing the Set button. Operation

The APD 4131 accepts a temperature input and provides a linearized and optically isolated DC voltage or current output.

The green LoopTracker® input LED provides a visual indication that a signal is being sensed by the input circuitry of the module. It also indicates the input signal strength by changing in intensity as the process changes from minimum to maximum.

If the LED fails to illuminate, or fails to change in intensity as the process changes, check the module power or signal input wiring. Note that it may be difficult to see the LEDs under bright lighting conditions. The yellow status LED provides a visual indication of operational modes.

Normal operation: ٨ff

- Push-to-Test mode: Steadily on
- Operational error: Blinking 2 digit code

Operational Error Codes, Yellow LED

If an error occurs during operation, the yellow Status LED blinks an error code. Check sensor, wiring, or consult factory.

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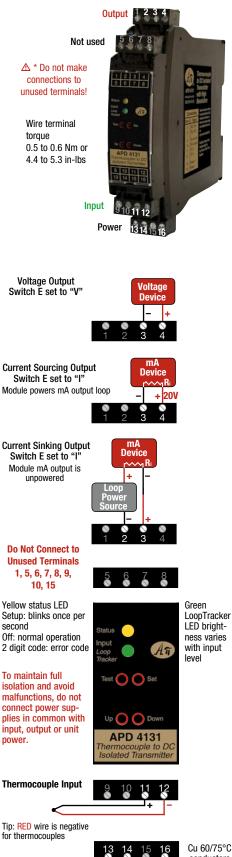
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- 11 Analog-digital converter out-of-range O-O
- 12 Sensor under range
- 13 Sensor over range
- 14 CJC sensor abnormal range
- 1.5 CJC failure
- 16 Hard ADC out-of-range
- Sensor hard fault, open circuit, 17 hard ADC fault, or hard CJC fault





▲ * Do not make connections

to unused terminals!

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Upper

Unused Terminals

Yellow status LED Setup: blinks once per second Off: normal operation

To maintain full isolation and avoid malfunctions, do not connect power supplies in common with input, output or unit power.